THE No. 415.

MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the freshest Advices, Foreign and Domestic.

WEDNESDAY, *June* 7, 1749.

From the WESTMINSTER JOURNAL, *March* 11, and 18.

Public Affairs: Or, The History of *Europe.*

WE have had an article of news from Venice that was much unexpected, and may possibly open a new scene of action. The Turks, who were in garrison at Dulcigno, upon the south-east frontier of Dalmatia, have suddenly seized a castle belonging to the Venetians, who look upon this act as a kind of prelude to future hostilities. Tho' that republic has remained neuter during all the late wars in Italy, it will scarcely be thought good policy to leave her unassisted, in case the Mahometans should endeavour to extend their conquests along the Adriatic.

The infant Don Philip is arrived, by way of the state of Genoa, in his new establishment: And as all the restitutions on both sides, have by this time, been made, the tranquility of Italy seems to be perfectly restored for the present.

The last body of French, to the number of 900, that were left in the state of Genoa, are sailed for Corsica; in the settling of which island they are to assist the Genoese, it's assumed matters.

We have some alarming hints from different parts, of a contagious distemper that proves very fatal.

By all the accounts from the court of France it appears, that the present views of the ministry there tend chiefly to the cultivation of the arts of peace, and relieving the people from the burthens they have born during the late expensive war.

The towns of Austrian Hainault, which were the last of their late conquests that the French evacuated, are now again in the hands of their former sovereign. But the works of Mons are entire y ruined; the moat of the other fortresses which lie next to France, are found in a much worse condition than when they were surrender'd to the conqueror.

A treaty is said to be concluded, betwixt certain great powers, for preserving the ballance of the North, in case that any attempt should be made to disturb it, on the death of his Swedish majesty, or under any pretext whatsoever. And pretexts are never wanting, when princes are inclined to try their fortune in the field of Mars.

The Prussian officers are still recruiting with great diligence: The cavalry of the king their master, we are assured, will be all remounted before the month of May, and will consist of 30,000 men: a prodigious corps for a prince, whose ancestors, within the memory of man, had very seldom more than 30 or 40,000 men, horse and foot, in their whole army.

We are told from Berlin, that his Prussian majesty has caused notice to be given to his ministers residing at foreign courts, that he is resolved to be ready, on all occasions that may require, and to explain the motives which induce him thereto prepare against all events.

Petersburg, February 25. We learn from Moscow, that they have received certain advice from Persia, that Adil Shah still continues in possession of the empire; and that it is highly probable he will renew the war with the Turks; to whose intrigues he attributes all the disturbances which have happened for twenty years past in Persia. We celebrated here, three days ago, with great magnificence, the birth day of his imperial highness, who entered into the 21st year of his age. A courier passed through this city a few days since from Moscow with dispatches of very great importance for the British court. We continue our military preparations with great vigour; notwithstanding which, there is nothing more certain than that her Imperial majesty is desirous to maintain a perfect good understanding with all her neighbours, and is even inclined to settle if possible, in an amicable manner, her dispute with Sweden as to the limits of the dominions of the two crowns in Finland, though it must be considered as a little extraordinary, to see such warmth expressed about every foot of ground in a country, the whole of which was tendered through her Imperial majesty's magnanimity and bounty.

Moscow, Feb. 11. Adil Shah, notwithstanding his natural clemency, has been obliged to proceed to extremities, and to cause no less than three hundred persons to be put to several kinds of death, in the great square at Ispahan. All the overtures that he had made to the Great Mogul have proved ineffectual, though the intrigues of Turkish emissaries at that court; and this joined to the support they have given from the adjacent provinces of the Ottoman empire, to all the parties that have taken arms against the Shah, has determined him to have no further intercourse with the Porte upon any terms.

Warsaw, March 1. We have received lately two pieces of news that alarm us exceedingly. Signor Minutti, a gentleman of an illustrious family, and colonel in our service, who was with an old bailiff to Constantinople, having been insulted in the street by some janizaries, drew his sword and wounded one of them, upon which those troops, with their usual impetuosity demanded his life; and notwithstanding all the remonstrances the old and new bailiff could make, they were determined to deliver him up, upon which his head was struck off immediately. As the Turks have for some time past caused great bodies of troops to decile towards the frontiers of Dalmatia, we could not but be under some apprehensions; and the senate having received advice that the Turkish garrison of Dulcigno lately surprized the castle of Zarca, in that province, and carried off the artillery and a great booty, a rupture is looked upon as inevitable.

Paris, March 4. They talk at Versailles of a marriage between the prince of Conde and the infanta Isabella, daughter of Don Philip. The princess is seven years and two months old, and the prince wants a month and half.

Turin, March 5. By an express which is arrived from Corsica, we have received an account of the total defeat of the bandits which disturbed the tranquility of the kingdom.

Paris, March 10. The king has granted a pardon to the famous Fontaubau, at the sollicitation of the prince of Conti and marshal Saxe, upon condition nevertheless, that he remain in prison for life, from which he is debarred.

The marquis de Mirepoix is getting ready his equipage for his embassy at the court of Great Britain, and thinks to set out the end of next month.

Madrid, March 3. The intended reform in the king's troops will take place immediately after the return of the forces expected from Lombardy and Naples, part of which are already arrived in one port. It is said this reform will be considerable; but on the other hand, we seem to make a great augmentation in our marine; that we may, in conjunction with France be able to settle matters with the English by sea, in case we cannot agree about the affairs of the South sea company, searching and visiting in the West Indian seas, &c.

Stockholm, March 10. Within these few days the Prussian minister has dispatched a courier to Berlin, with the result of a grand conference he had with count Teffin, and others of our ministers, about the circumstances that may call for the execution of the engagements between the two courts. Prince George of Hesse Cassel is shortly expected here, and some imagine that he will have the command of the army in Finland, in case of a rupture with Russia. Orders are issued to provide for the defence of the isles of Aland.

Copenhagen, March 14. Great armaments are making here, which are to be destined for Norway, whither we are transporting arms, provisions and warlike stores, in abundance; and we are assured it has been resolved to double the subaltern officers of the regiments actually in that kingdom. Orders are issued

iſſued for haſtening the building of a great many gallies actually on the ſtocks, and we are likewiſe hard at work in fitting out the men of war.

Prague, March 11. A camp has juſt been marked out at Boheem's Brod, within four leagues of this city, for the Imperial troops. The regiments that are to form this camp, are already provided with field artillery, and all other things neceſſary for the purpoſe, and are ordered to begin their march towards the latter end of this month.

Duſſeldorp, March 21. The Pruſſian officers that were recruiting in this country, and other parts of the empire, have received orders to join their reſpective regiments as ſoon as poſſible. And we hear from Weſel, that part of the garriſon of that town is ordered to be in readineſs to march on the firſt notice.

LONDON.

March 4. By a private letter from Vienna, dated February the 27th, we learn, that they have received advice from Hungary, of a moſt violent ſtorm that happened there lately, accompanied with the moſt piercing cold; both of which were ſucceeded by ſo violent an earthquake in the neighbourhood of Stulweiſcinburg, as render'd the caſtle of Paloota, ſituated on the adjacent mountain, together with the tower lately built, and three large houſes, into a heap of ruins. Theſe letters likewiſe add, that the locuſts have appeared again in the neighbourhood of Ketſchmehl in Hungary, where they have already buried 16 buſhels, which fills the inhabitants with the apprehenſion of their doing more miſchief next ſummer than they did the laſt; notwithſtanding they have taken all the precautions poſſible to prevent it, by deſtroying their eggs.

March 9. It is reported at Paris, that the young Chevalier has quitted Avignon, and is gone to Poland, in order to take poſſeſſion of ſome eſtates of the Sobieſki family; and that it is believed he will endeavour to find a ſuitable marriage in that kingdom.

March 11. The laſt letters from Vienna ſpeak of the war in the North, as an event not only probable, but on the point of breaking out. The ſame letters ſay, that they had received with very great ſurprize an account, that general baron Tripps, who formerly quitted her Imperial majeſty's ſervice, to enter into that of the States General, had likewiſe quitted that of the ſtates to enter into the pay of his Pruſſian majeſty, with a view to command his light arm'd troops.

Yeſterday the lords of the admiralty gave orders for the fitting out the Aſſurance, Briſtol, Prince Edward, Suffolk, and Falcon ſloop of war; this ſquadron is to be under the command of admiral Hawke, and to convoy his royal highneſs the duke of Cumberland to Portmahone and Gibralter.

Tranſports are ordered to ſail to Cape Breton, to bring over our troops who are in garriſon there.

We are informed, that ſeveral private families are petitioning that they may have the ſame privileges granted them on their arrival at Nova Scotia, as is allowed to the diſbanded ſoldiers and mariners. Alſo another propoſal is laid before his majeſty and privy council, for providing for the diſbanded ſoldiers and mariners; which is ſaid to meet with approbation, and relates to the eſtabliſhment of a fiſhery in Scotland.

They write from Dantzick, that the reaſon of repairing their fortifications, is the probability of their ſeeing no fewer than three fleets in the Baltic next Summer; viz. one from Sweden, one from Ruſſia, and one from Great-Britain.

Private letters from Berlin ſay, that they work with the utmoſt diligence in repairing the fortifications of the ſeveral great towns in the Pruſſian Pomerania; and, that according to the laſt liſt of the king's troops, they appear to conſiſt of 153000 horſe, foot, and dragoons.

By a private letter from Stockholm, dated March 1, we have an account, that upon the court's receiving the day before an expreſs from Berlin, ſeveral conferences were held amongſt the miniſters, and orders iſſued for marching ſix thouſand men, as a reinforcement, into Finland; to put the regular troops and militia into motion; and for paying a ſum of ready money to the new colonels, to put them in a condition of raiſing freſh regiments without loſing time.

March 16. They write from Peterſburg, that the equipage of field marſhal count Lacy is actually preparing, and there is no doubt that he will command the forces which have orders to encamp in Livonia, as ſoon as the ſeaſon will permit.

They write from Madrid, that there is of late a very high fermentation in the court, that ſeveral perſons of great diſtinction have reſigned their employments, and it is expected that more will reſign; in conſequence of which, an entire change of the ſyſtem is looked upon as inevitable; but what the tendency of this alteration will be, our correſpondent cannot as yet inform us, but conſidering thoſe who by this means come into power, we may gueſs.

March 20. The freſheſt advices from Paris intimate, that marſhal Saxe will ſpeedily go to reſide at Straſburg, in quality of governor general of Alſace, and will live there with all the ſplendor of a prince, which will afford the French miniſtry a double ſatisfaction. Theſe letters ſay, that the marſhal has deſtined a very large ſum of money for the ſettlement of Tobago, which he propoſes to make the retreat of unfortunate gentlemen of all nations.

The courier that carried the propoſals to the courts of Spain and France, for their concurrence in the redemption of Chriſtian ſlaves, is returned, and we hear that three men of war are ordered to be victualled with all expedition, to ſail for that purpoſe; and the preſents are already ſettled, which it is neceſſary to make on ſuch occaſions.

It is alſo ſaid, that the admirals Vernon and Anſon are appointed to conduct this affair, and that they will ſail the beginning of next month.

Private letters from France mention, that they are buſy in the royal yards in building men of war, to replace thoſe taken by the Engliſh; and that a number of Engliſh artificers are employed there, who meet with very great encouragement; but will probably not ſee their own country again, as there will be always a pretence found for detaining them.

Whitehall, March 14. The king has been pleaſed to appoint the right honourable William Anne earl of Albemarle, to be his majeſty's ambaſſador extraordinary and plenipotentiary to the moſt Chriſtian king.

We hear that the inhabitants of the ſea coaſt of England and Scotland are in great hopes that ſomething will ſhortly be done for reviving and promoting the fiſheries; inaſmuch as this would tend equally to the encouragement of induſtry, and to the augmenting the public treaſure of the nation.

KINGSTON *(in Jamaica), April* 15.

At a meeting of the merchants and trading inhabitants of Kingſton, the following addreſs was preſented to rear admiral Knowles, on his departure for Great-Britain.

The ADDRESS of the merchants and trading inhabitants of the town of Kingſton.

'HIS majeſty having thought proper to comply with your 'requeſt to recall you from this ſtation, the merchants 'and trading inhabitants of the town of Kingſton beg leave to 'wiſh you a ſafe and agreeable paſſage to England.

'It is with the utmoſt regret we view you, Sir, quitting a 'command, which you have filled with ſo much glory 'to the Britiſh navy, with ſuch peculiar honour to your'ſelf, and with ſuch ſignal advantage to trade in general. 'The vigilance and zeal which you have continually ſhewn, in 'protecting the trade to and from this iſland, fully diſcover the 'juſt ſenſe you have of the importance of a good naval force 'to the well-being of this colony; and the ſucceſſes that have 'attended you, plainly demonſtrate the great advantages the 'nation will ever receive, from a due and judicious applica'tion of it.

'We ſhould think ourſelves therefore undeſerving the appel'lation of dutiful ſubjects to his majeſty, and the friends of 'trade, if we did not embrace this public opportunity of aſſu'ring you, how deeply ſenſible we are of the many ſignal ſer'vices you have done the nation in general, and this iſland in 'particular. Permit us therefore, Sir, to intreat your accept'ance of a piece of plate, which we have deſired Mr. Ord, 'one of our repreſentatives in the aſſembly of this iſland, to 'preſent to you, on your arrival in England, as a public teſti'mony of the great advantages the Britiſh nation in general, 'and this iſland in particular, has reap'd from your wiſe con'duct in this ſtation.'

'*Dated at Kingſton, April* 12, 1749.'

BOSTON, May 8.

By Capt. Fones we have advice, that the act lately paſſed by this government for calling in and ſinking all our paper currency, was received in London, and that ſir Peter Warren, knight of the Bath, one of the gentlemen impowered by the ſaid act to receive and give a diſcharge for the money granted by parliament for reimburſing to this province their expences in taking and ſecuring Cape Breton, had accepted of that truſt.

We hear that 9000 perſons are enliſted for the ſettlement of Nova-Scotia, and almoſt ready to ſail: That the king has given 10,000 l. ſterling towards the charges: And that Otis Little, Eſq; author of the ſtate of trade, &c. in North America, is appointed ſurveyor-general of Nova-Scotia.

PHI-

The Dwelling Houses of this City being lately numbered, from a Motive of Curiosity, by twelve careful Persons, who each undertook a Part; there were found as follows, viz.

In the South Suburbs	150
In Dock Ward	245
In Walnut Ward	104
In South Ward	117
In Chestnut Ward	110
In Middle Ward	238
In High-street Ward	147
In North Ward	196
In Mulberry Ward	488
In Upper Delaware Ward	109
In Lower Delaware Ward	110
In the North Suburbs	62
Total	2076

Places of Worship and other Public Buildings, Warehouses, Work-shops and other Out-houses, not reckon'd.

It is but a few Years, even within the Memory of man, since this Country was an Wilderness,

Inhabited by Beasts of Prey,
Or Men as fierce and wild as they:

And the Ground plat of this flourishing City had not a House on it:---What an Alteration! What a vast Improvement have our old Men seen!---Absolute Princes by their POWER have sometimes built great Cities in a short Time, and *forc'd* Inhabitants into them from the neighbouring Countries, who have abandon'd them as soon as that Power ceased: But a private Person has done this by his WISDOM; and has *drawn* Multitudes of People of various Nations, even out of the *Inmost* Parts of *Europe*; who abandon their native Soil (belov'd by all) undergo infinite fatigues and Hazards by Land and Sea, to get hither, and (like the Inhabitants of the *Elysian Fields*) never desire to return.---*Orpheus* is said, in old Poetic Fables, to have built a City by the Force of his Musick, the Sound of his Harp charming even the Trees and Stones to collect themselves together: But the sweetest of all Sounds is LIBERTY; and wholesome Laws with good Government make the most enchanting HARMONY; Musick, which, like the last Trumpet, will be heard in the remotest Regions, and collect Mankind from the most distant Parts of the Globe.

ANNAPOLIS.

This Day Fortnight there happened a terrible Thunder-Gust, without much Rain, in *St. Mary's* County, near the Head of *Fowles's* Creek; which instantly kill'd one *Thomas Rabling* and his Wife, as they were sitting under a Mulberry-Tree, on a Cyder Trough; there were under the same Tree one other Man, a Woman, and three Children, all which were struck down and hurt, some having their Cloaths burnt, except a little Infant at *Rabling's* Wife's Breast, which was not hurt at all. There was a Harrow hanging on the Mulberry Tree, the Hoes of which were melted in several places by the Lightning.

On Friday last arrived here the Ship *Basil*, Capt. *John Simpson*, from *Whitehaven*; who in his Passage hither, on the 21st of *May* last, providentially met with the *Delaware*, Capt. *Maynard*, bound for *Philadelphia*, in the utmost Distress, having sprung a Leak, and was just sinking. Capt. *Simpson* took in the Master, Crew, and Passengers, in all 36, amongst whom was Capt. *Hargrave*, and brought them in here. She was a very rich Ship, having a vast Quantity of valuable Goods on board.

A Petition having been presented to the Honourable House of Assembly, by many of the Inhabitants and Freeholders of *Cecil* County, setting forth, that their late Election for Representatives was unfair and illegal, and praying for a new one: The House took the Affair under their Consideration on Monday last, and after examining a great Number of Evidences *pro* and *con*, they yesterday declar'd the Election void, dismiss'd the return'd Members, and a Writ is out for a new Election in that County.

This Day his Excellency the Governor passed the Bill, *Enlarging the Time for receiving and paying the Public and County Levies; Parochial Charges, Clergy's Allowances, Attorneys and Officers Fees, for this present Year*, into a Law.

Custom House, ANNAPOLIS, *Entered*,

Ship Basil, John Simpson, from Whitehaven;
Ship Virginian, Edward Bentley, from Virginia;
Skip Falcon, Thomas Spencer, from Biddeford;
Brigantine Fanny, Thomas Witheare, from Bristol.

STolen or Strayed from *Annapolis*, on the 30th of *May* last, a young Chestnut Sorrel Mare, branded on the near Shoulder and Buttock I B with a small o over the I; she has a Blaz'd Face, a Navel-Gall on her Back, and is galled very much on the Shoulders with Drawing. Whoever will bring the said Mare to Mrs. *Minskie's* in *Annapolis*, shall have Ten Shillings Reward.

JACOB BULL.

June 2, 1749.

MEssieurs *Florentine* and *Norton*, Merchants in *London*, having Charter'd the good Ship *Virginian*, of about 200 Tons, just arrived; she will load in *Patapsco*, and take in Tobacco, consigned to those Gentlemen, at Seven Pounds Sterling per Ton.

JAMES WOOD.

Queen Anne's County, *May* 22.

A Woman that understands the Business of a Cook in a Gentleman's Family, and comes well recommended, may be informed of a very good Place, by enquiring of

MATTHEW DOCKERY.

RAN away from the Subscriber in *Annapolis*, on the 28th of *May* last, a Negro Fellow named *Cuffee*, of a yellowish Complexion, about 5 Feet 6 Inches high, and speaks pretty good *English*: He had on when he went away a broad cloth Coat with broad metal Buttons, dark colour'd *German* Serge Breeches with metal Buttons, an *Irish* Linnen Shirt, a white Cap, and an old Beaver Hat: He took with him a small Bay Mare, and is supposed to be gone to *Pifcataway*, where he has a Wife; and formerly lived with one Mr. *Lawrence*. Whoever takes up the said Negro, and brings him to Mr. *James Wardrop* at *Upper-Marlborough*, or to me at *Annapolis*, shall have Thirty Shillings Reward, besides what the Law allows.

ROBERT WAN.

January 21, 1748 9.

WHereas one *Thomas Chapman*, an *Old England* Man, born at *Derby*, and brought up at *London*, has been absent from his Friends near twenty Years, and is supposed to be in *New England*, if living. This is to inform the said *Thomas Chapman*, that by sending a Letter to his Brother *Francis Chapman*, now Master of *Shadwell* Charity School, near *London*, he may hear of something very much to his Advantage.

June 7, 1749.

WHereas *Unity*, the Wife of *Richard Norton*, of *Charles-Town*, in *Cecil* County, hath absented from her said Husband: This is therefore to forewarn all Persons not to trust her upon my Account, for I will pay no Debts by her contracted after the Date hereof.

RICHARD NORTON.

THere was Imported in *June*, 1748, from *London*, in the Ship *Eastern Branch*, belonging to Mr. *John Hanbury*, Merchant in *London*, *Temple Chevalier* I B Commander, a Cask of Sugar, marked as in the Margin; for which no Owner has as yet been found. This therefore is to give Notice, that the Person to whom it belongs, on making his Right appear, may know where to get his Sugar, by enquiring of the Printer hereof, and paying Charges.

To be SOLD, *for Paper Money, good Bills of Exchange, or Inspected Tobacco, on board the Ship* Neptune,

A Suit of Sloop's Sails, made of good new Duck, 34 Feet by the Mast, 36 Feet by the Boom, and 18 Feet by the Gaff.

AMBROSE JUDD.

May 30, 1749.

SUpposed to be Lost at *Annapolis*, or at last *West* River Meeting, a long Green Purse, in which were various Pieces of Gold. Any Person who hath found the said Purse and Money, and will bring the same to the Subscriber's House in *Annapolis*, shall be suitably rewarded.

R. BORDUS.

N. B. To be Leased by the said *Bordus*, a convenient Dwelling in *Annapolis*, on reasonable Terms.

To be SOLD,

FOUR Lots in the City of *Annapolis*, numbered 92, 93, 104, 105: The said Lots form a Square, one Side whereof is bounded by *Prince George's* Street, opposite to Mr. *John Brice's*. For Terms, enquire of Mr. *John Bordley* of *Chester-Town* in *Kent* County, or the Subscriber in *Annapolis*.

MATTHIAS BORDLEY.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE,

AT the Subscriber's House near *Annapolis*, the following Goods; *viz.* Two good Silver Watches, a large Copper, Window Lead and Glass, several Guns, Pistols, Sheet-Lead, a fine Dial-Plate, a Steel Plate Cross-cut Saw, a Parcel of Iron New and Old, a large Riding Horse, and sundry other Things too tedious to mention.

The Sale will be on Saturday the 10th of *June*.

REBECCA YOUNG.

Annapolis, May 24, 1749.

WHereas a certain *James Binney*, a Currier by Trade, is at this Time, and has been for near two Years past, an Indented Servant to the Subscriber; but by keeping drunken idle Company, frequently absents himself from his Master's Service. This is therefore to forewarn all Persons whatsoever, not to deal with or entertain the said *James Binney*, on any Account, as they may depend on being prosecuted as the Law directs.

ROBERT SWAN.

May 22, 1749.

RAN away on Saturday the 20th Instant, from the Ship *Mary*, *Thomas Davison* Commander, lying at *Lower-Marlborough*, in *Patuxent*, the two following Seamen; *viz.*

Peter Berry, a *Swede*, of a swarthy Complexion, about 22 Years of Age, 5 Feet 8 Inches high, speaks broken *English*.

Thomas Cooper, a *Scotchman*, about 18 Years of Age, about 5 Feet 4 Inches high, of a swarthy Complexion, and pitted with the Small Pox.

They have both Seaman's Apparel.

Whoever takes up the said Sailors, and brings them to the said Ship, shall have Five Pounds Reward for each.

THOMAS DAVISON.

May 22, 1749.

RAN away from the Ship *Betsy*, lying in *South* River, *James Anderson*, a Lad of about 18 Years of Age, of a yellow complexion, about 5 Feet high, and chews Tobacco: He had on A large brimm'd waston hat, a strip'd Cotton Cap, a brown Pea Jacket with Leather Buttons, a black cloth Waistcoat, short white Linnen Trowsers, speckled Stockings, good Shoes, large carv'd Block Tin Buckles, and a check'd Shirt. Whoever will secure the said *James Anderson*, so as the Subscriber may have him again, shall have Twenty Shillings Reward, besides what the Law allows.

JAMES HALL.

May 22, 1749.

RAN away from the Ship *Betsy*, now lying in *South* River, on Sunday the 21st of this Instant, about Four o' Clock in the Afternoon, a Servant Man named *William Benam*, aged about 23 Years, about 5 Feet 4 Inches high, and is of a dark Complexion. He had on a Worsted Cap and a Leather Cap, two Jackets, strip'd Linnen Breeches, blue stocking, new Pumps, and Pinchbeck Metal Buckles. He has been in the Country before. Whoever will secure the said Servant so as the Subscriber may have him again, shall have Twenty Shillings Reward, besides what the Law allows.

JAMES HALL.

Queen Anne's County, May 23, 1749.

RAN away from the Subscriber, on Tuesday the 23d Instant, a lusty young Negro Fellow named *Phil*, about 22 Years of Age, round faced, and somewhat in kneed; had on when he went away a Dove colour'd half thick Coat and Breeches, a dark colour'd half thick Jacket, an Osnabrigs Shirt and Yarn Stockings. He carried with him a young likely Negro Wench, belonging to Mr. *Nathan Wright*, and is supposed to be in Company with her. Whoever secures the said Negro Man so as he may be had again, shall have Forty Shillings Reward, besides what the Law allows, if taken on the Western Shore; or if taken on the Eastern Shore, and brought to the Subscriber at Mr. *Charles Brown's* near *Queen's Town*, Twenty Shillings, besides what the Law allows, paid by

JOHN BRACCO.

A Single Man, who is capable of Teaching a Gentleman's Children to Read and Write, and comes well recommended, may hear of very good Encouragement, by enquiring of the Printer hereof.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE,

On Thursday the 29th of June *ensuing, by the Subscriber, on* Pocomoke *River, in* Accomack *County in* Virginia,

THE Hull of a new SNOW, Burthen about 150 Tons: She is 56 Feet and 8 Inches Keel, 22 Feet and 5 Inches main Beam, and 10 Feet 4 Inches Depth of Hold.

SARAH WISE.

ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of Mrs. *Rachel Bailey*, late of *Baltimore* County, deceased, are desired forthwith to discharge their respective Ballances, or secure the same to the Satisfaction of the Subscriber; otherwise they may expect to be dealt with as the Law directs. And all Persons who have any legal Claims on the said Estate, are desired to bring in their Accounts duly proved, which shall be readily paid by CHARLES CROZALL, Administrator.

JUST IMPORTED,

And to be SOLD by the Subscribers at Lower-Marlborough,

CHoice SALT, for Sterling, Paper Currency, or Tobacco, by Wholesale at One Shilling Sterling per Bushel, and by Retale at Two Shillings and Six Pence Currency.

THOMAS DAVIDSON, SKINNER, and IRELAND.

JUST IMPORTED,

By the Subscriber, in the Ship BETSY, *Capt.* JAMES HALL, *from* London,

VAriety of *European* and *East India* Goods; and to be sold at very reasonable Rates, for Current Money, Bills of Exchange, or Tobacco lying in any Inspecting House on the Western Shore.

JAMES DICK.

THE Ship *Revolution*, *John Simmons* Commander, now lying at *Lower-Marlborough*, on *Patuxent* River, is ready to take in Tobacco, consigned to Mr. *John Hanbury* and Company, Merchants in *London*, at Seven Pounds Sterling per Ton. The said Master will attend every Saturday on board, where he shall be very glad of the Company of his Friends.

JOHN SIMMONS.

Annapolis, April 26, 1749.

THIS is to give Notice to all those who have any Bonds in the Loan-Office, that if they do not come and pay the Interests due upon the same, on or before the 1st Day of *October* next ensuing the Date hereof, the Commissioners, in Discharge of the Trust reposed in them by the Public, will think themselves obliged to enter up Judgment, and sue out Executions on the same; and this they are determined to do, unless those who are concerned take due Care to prevent it.

By Order of the Commissioners,

R. DORSEY, *Clerk of the Pay. Cur. Office.*

RAN away from the Subscriber living in *Baltimore* County, on the 29th of *March* last, an Irish Convict Servant Man named *Patrick Danscomb*, but gives himself the Name of *Paddy Dungan*; he is a lusty young Fellow, has a fresh Complexion, dark brown Hair, wears a brown Wig, or Silk Cap. He had with him a new fine Kersey Coat, Jacket, and Breeches, of a brownish Colour, a lightish colour'd Country Cloth Pea Jacket with brass Buttons, a Pair of grey Fearnothing Breeches, a Pair of fine Yarn Stockings, a Pair of fine Cotton ditto, a Pair of Negro Shoes, a Pair of Country made ditto, a good Castor Hat, and a Felt ditto half worn, two fine white Shirts, one Check and two brown Osnabrigs ditto, old Trowsers, a Country Linnen Jacket and Breeches, and a Pair of new Leather Breeches with metal Buttons. Whoever brings the said Servant to his Master, living near the Head of *Patapsco* River, shall have Three Pounds Reward, if taken in *Maryland*; or if taken in *Virginia* or *Pennsylvania*, Five Pounds, of the Currency where taken; and reasonable Charges, if brought home.

ZACHARIAH MACKUBIN.

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